	The Mayans — Spring 2018
	PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS
Science	<ul> <li>compare and group together everyday materials on the basis of their properties, including their hardness, solubility, transparency, con- ductivity (electrical and thermal), and response to magnets</li> </ul>
	• know that some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution, and describe how to recover a substance from a solution
	• use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated, including through filtering, sieving and evaporating
	<ul> <li>give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials, including metals, wood and plastic</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes</li> </ul>
	• explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible, including chang- es associated with burning and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda.
History	<ul> <li>a non-European society that provides contrasts with British history – one study chosen from: early Islamic civilization, including a study of Baghdad c. AD 900; Mayan civilization c. AD 900; Benin (West Africa) c. AD 900-1300.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied</li> </ul>
Geography	<ul> <li>use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world</li> </ul>
Computing	<ul> <li>Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact.</li> <li>design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by</li> </ul>
	decomposing them into smaller parts
	• use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs
Art & Design	Sculpture     to create skatch backs to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas
	<ul> <li>to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas</li> <li>to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]</li> </ul>
D&T	<ul> <li>prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed.</li> </ul>
Music	Iisten with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory
	Iisten attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding
	• engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help*
	<ul> <li>speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures</li> </ul>
French	<ul> <li>develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing</li> </ul>
	• broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including

	broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary
	write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly
	describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing
	• Games play competitive games, modified where appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, round- ers and tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending
P.E.	• Swimming swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 metres use a range of strokes effectively perform safe self-rescue in different water-based situations.
	Gymnastics develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance