Bomere and the XI Towns Federation Knowledge Organiser—Science

Topic:- Science—Classification

Class/Year Groups: Year 4

Term: Summer

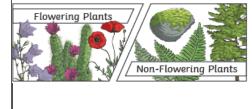
What you already know?

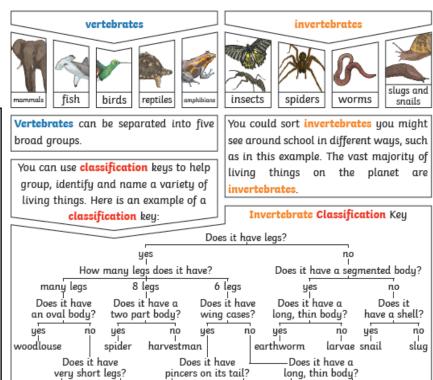
Pupils will have come across the names of invertebrate classes but not of invertebrate or plant classes

What you will learn:

Animals can be grouped in lots of different ways based upon their characteristics.

Plants can be sorted into many different groups. For example:





Vocabulary	
Classification	This is where plants or animals are placed into groups according to their similarities.
Characteristics	The distinguishing features or qualities that are specific to a species.
Specimen	A particular plant or animal that scientists study to find out about its species.
Vertebrate	Animals with a backbone.
invertebrates	Animals without a backbone.



National Curriculum Objectives:

millipede

centipede

• recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways (plants: trees, grasses, flowers, ferns and mosses, vertebrates: fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds, and mammals. Invertebrates: snails and slugs, worms, spiders, and insects

beetle caterpillar

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- explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider environment
- recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things.

earwig

